FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 AND 2006

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors Pohnpei Utilities Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying statements of net assets of the Pohnpei Utilities Corporation (PUC), a component unit of the State of Pohnpei, as of September 30, 2007 and 2006, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of PUC's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of PUC's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Pohnpei Utilities Corporation as of September 30, 2007 and 2006, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 5 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This information is the responsibility of PUC's management. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of PUC taken as a whole. The additional information on pages 21 through 23 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This additional information is the responsibility of the PUC's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2007 and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 2, 2008, on our consideration of PUC's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

June 2, 2008

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Management Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006

The following discussion and analysis of the financial performance and activity of the Pohnpei Utilities Corporation (PUC) is to provide an introduction and understanding of the basic financial statements of the PUC for the years ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. The discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto, which follow this section.

The PUC is a public corporation of the Pohnpei State Government and is the primary provider of Power, Water and Sewer services for the island. It is under the governance of a seven-member Board of Directors that was appointed by the Governor and approved by the Legislature of Pohnpei State, which has oversight over operation of the Power, Water and Sewer utility services. The General Manager who is hired by the Board of Directors oversees the daily operation of PUC.

The PUC has an installed generation capacity of 15.46 MW while the power demand is 6.6 MW in 2007 and 6.5 MW 2006. The PUC generated 38,333 MWh and 38,549 MWh and sold 31,328 and 31,976 MWh to customers in 2007 and 2006, respectively. This resulted in total power revenue of \$10.2 million and \$8.5 million to PUC in 2007 and 2006, respectively. The increase in sales revenue in 2006 is mainly the result of increases in fuel tariff from an average of \$0.1944/kWh in 2006 to \$0.2319/kWh in 2007. The number of households being serviced by the PUC is 6,459 in 2007 and 6,442 in 2006. The service coverage is about 96% of the population.

The PUC also provides clean water to the people of Pohnpei. The PUC has the capacity to produce 4.72 million gallons per day while the daily water demand to existing customers amounts to 1.8 million gallons per day. PUC produced 1.4 billion gallons and sold 640 million and 700 million gallons to customers in 2007 and 2006, respectively, which resulted in total revenue to PUC of \$1.2 million and \$1.3 million, respectively. The PUC services 3,738 households, which covers about 1/3 of Pohnpei in area or 53% of the total population.

The following table summarizes the financial condition and operations of the PUC for FY 2007, 2006 and 2005:

Assets:	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Utility plant, net Current assets Other non-current assets	\$ 28,391,763 4,521,252 494,401	\$ 29,912,393 5,602,827 487,516	\$ 28,719,385 6,330,689 482,832
	\$ <u>33,407,416</u>	\$ <u>36,002,736</u>	\$ <u>35,532,906</u>
Liabilities and Net Assets:			
Notes payable Current portion of	\$ 874,825	\$ 643,647	\$ 506,938
long-term debt	134,922	118,536	129,918
Other current liabilities	1,111,791	1,286,008	1,581,671
Long-term debt, net	3,010,853	2,645,682	2,747,515
Total Liabilities	5,132,391	4,693,873	4,966,042

Management Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006

Net Assets	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	24,769,163 139,390	26,694,528 132,505	25,435,014 127,821
Unrestricted	3,366,472	4,481,830	5,004,029
Total net assets	<u>28,275,025</u>	31,308,863	30,566,864
	\$ <u>33,407,416</u>	\$ <u>36,002,736</u>	\$ <u>35,532,906</u>
Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Ne	t Assets		
Operating revenues Bad debt expense	\$ 11,369,043	\$ 10,071,600 (81,000)	\$ 9,042,447 (1,962,011)
Operating expenses	(<u>14,585,306</u>)	(11,920,059)	(1,902,011) $(10,637,095)$
Net operating loss	(3,216,263)	(1,929,459)	(3,556,659)
Non-operating revenues, net	57,672	226,087	271,426
Capital contributions	124,753	2,445,371	1,547,796
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(3,033,838)	741,999	(1,737,437)
Net assets at beginning of year	31,308,863	30,566,864	<u>32,304,301</u>
Net assets at end of year	\$ <u>28,275,025</u>	\$ <u>31,308,863</u>	\$ <u>30,566,864</u>

Overall changes in the statement of net assets components from September 30, 2006 to 2007 include a decrease in net utility plant (\$1,521,000), a decrease in current assets (\$1,082,000) and an increase in current and long term debt \$382,000.

Decreases in utility plant are attributable to insufficient replacement of capital assets that are depreciated over the year. The total depreciation for the year is (\$2,084,348), while the Corporation re-invested only \$563,718 in capital assets and construction in progress (CIP). The major additions are the finishing work of the Hydroelectric plant rehabilitation (\$146,000), drilling of an additional well in Lukop (\$84,000), installation of cash power meters (\$96,000) and the installation of the prepaid scratch card system (easypower) (\$122,000). The other additions are for small and various projects, including distribution system expansions and service connections. For additional information concerning capital assets, please refer to the notes to the financial statements, primarily note 6.

Decreases in current assets show the Corporation's re-shifting of priorities to meet escalating cost of fuel. The fuel cost forces the Corporation to collect and improve accounts receivable by (\$438,000). The cash and cash equivalents also decreased from last year by about (\$165,000). The inventory parts also decreased by \$330,000, because of the tight budget. The Corporation also collected almost all grants receivable, an improvement in grants receivable collection of \$209,000.

Increases in current and long term debt from 2006 to 2007 are due to the following: The Corporation obtained loans from banks of \$708,000. The Corporation used the loans to pay all debt with Exxon Mobil (\$452,000) after Exxon Mobil suspended the 30 day credit term with the Corporation. The remaining proceeds were used for fuel purchase. The Corporation also repaid some of its long-term debt

Management Discussion and Analysis Years Ended September 30, 2007and 2006

this year (\$118,000), but because of limited funds, it could not retire some of its current obligations resulting in an increase in accounts payable by \$300,000. The net effect after the payments and borrowings is an increase in total liabilities of \$438,000. For additional information concerning the Corporation's debt, please refer to note 7 to the financial statements.

The changes in revenue, expenses and changes in net assets statement between fiscal year 2006 and 2007 include an increase in operating revenue of \$1,378,000, an increase in operating expense of \$2,665,000, and an increase in net operating loss of \$1,287,000.

The increase in operating revenue is due to an increase in the average fuel tariff from \$0.1944 kWh in 2006 to \$0.2319/kWh in 2007.

The increase in operating expenses is due mainly to increases in the cost of fuel. Total fuel expense this year is \$8,965,000, an increase of \$2,271,000 from 2006.

The Corporation incurred an operating loss of (\$3,216,263), an increase of (\$1,287,000) from 2006. The problem is that while it cost the Corporation \$2,665,000 in fuel, the Corporation did not fully recover its fuel cost from the tariff. The fuel tariff only brought in \$1,287,000 this year. One of the problems is conservation. While customers are conserving, PUC still has to run the generators to energize the grid and act as standby in case some one comes online.

Another problem is the cost of lubrication oil which is not factored into the fuel tariff. The cost of lubrication oil has increased significantly over the recent years.

The ninety (90) day billing cycle is another problem. The customers are paying fuel costs that were incurred three (3) months earlier, while the Corporation is paying the higher cost of today's fuel.

This concludes the management discussion and analysis of the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2007.

Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended September 30, 2006 is set forth in PUC's report on the audit of financial statements, which is dated February 1, 2007. That Discussion and Analysis explains the major factors impacting the 2006 financial statements and can be viewed at the Office of the Public Auditor's website at www.fsmpublicauditor.fm.

Statements of Net Assets September 30, 2007 and 2006

<u>ASSETS</u>	_	2007		2006
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable, net Grants receivable Prepayments Materials and fuel inventory	\$	357,056 685,000 2,167,439 23,698 10,186 1,277,873	\$	521,763 637,506 2,605,737 232,950 - 1,604,871
Total current assets	-	4,521,252		5,602,827
Other noncurrent assets: Restricted: Cash and cash equivalents Time certificates of deposit Investments Interest receivable	_	3,881 350,000 139,390 1,130		3,881 350,000 132,505 1,130
Total other noncurrent assets	_	494,401		487,516
Utility plant, at cost: Electric plant in service Water and sewer plant in service	_	37,560,131 19,307,046		36,122,868 18,086,411
Less accumulated depreciation	_	56,867,177 (28,638,532)		54,209,279 (26,554,184)
Depreciable assets Construction work-in-process		28,228,645 163,118		27,655,095 2,257,298
Total utility plant	_	28,391,763		29,912,393
	\$ =	33,407,416	\$	36,002,736
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Current liabilities: Notes payable Current portion of long-term debt Accounts payable: Fuel oil	\$	874,825 134,922	\$	643,647 118,536 451,635
Operations Affiliate Deferred revenue Accrued taxes and other liabilities Employees' annual leave		463,912 40,000 312,752 202,694 92,433		261,414 - 318,636 177,610 76,713
Total current liabilities		2,121,538		2,048,191
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term debt, net of current portion	_	3,010,853	_	2,645,682
Total liabilities	_	5,132,391	_	4,693,873
Commitments and contingencies				
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	_	24,769,163 139,390 3,366,472	_	26,694,528 132,505 4,481,830
Total net assets		28,275,025	-	31,308,863
See accompanying notes to financial statements	\$ =	33,407,416	\$ _	36,002,736

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Years Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006

	_	2007	_	2006
Operating revenues: Electricity sales Water sales Other sales	\$	10,104,388 1,180,236 84,419	\$	8,657,285 1,091,223 323,092
Total operating revenues before bad debts		11,369,043		10,071,600
Bad debts	_	-	_	(81,000)
Total operating revenues after bad debts	_	11,369,043	_	9,990,600
Operating and maintenance expenses: Production fuel Depreciation Administrative and general Water and sewer Generation Distribution		8,965,458 2,084,348 1,356,059 911,388 835,126 432,927	_	6,694,457 2,009,334 1,514,636 594,515 553,686 553,431
Total operating expenses	_	14,585,306		11,920,059
Operating loss		(3,216,263)	_	(1,929,459)
Nonoperating revenues: Grants and subsidies Spurline projects Interest (expense) income, net Other income	_	99,140 16,363 (58,056) 225		182,548 96,465 (57,926) 5,000
Total nonoperating revenues	_	57,672	_	226,087
Net loss before capital contributions		(3,158,591)		(1,703,372)
Capital contributions: Grants from United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Utility Service Grants passed through from the United States Department of the Interior	_	124,753		603,987 1,841,384
Change in net assets		(3,033,838)		741,999
Net assets at beginning of year	_	31,308,863	_	30,566,864
Net assets at end of year	\$_	28,275,025	\$_	31,308,863
			_	

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	_	2006
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees	11,801,682 (10,296,963) (1,886,308)	\$	10,602,263 (8,604,900) (1,852,717)
Net cash (used for) provided by operating activities	(381,589)	_	144,646
Cash flows from investing activities: Payments to self insurance fund Increase in internally restricted investments Interest income	(6,885) (47,494) 62,622	_	(4,684) (36,506) 43,955
Net provided by investing activities	8,243	-	2,765
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Proceeds from notes payable to bank Operating grants received Advance from affiliate Spurline projects Interest expense	208,000 99,140 40,000 16,363 (120,678)	_	90,000 182,548 - 96,465 (101,881)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	242,825	_	267,132
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from note payable to investment company Repayments of long-term debt Proceeds from long-term debt Proceeds from sale of assets Acquisition of utility plant Capital contributions	23,178 (118,443) 500,000 - (772,926) 334,005	_	46,709 (113,215) - 5,000 (2,627,858) 2,463,270
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(34,186)	_	(226,094)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	(164,707) 521,763	_	188,449 333,314
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$	357,056	\$ _	521,763
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash (used for) provided by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	(3,216,263)	\$	(1,929,459)
(used for) provided by operating activities: Depreciation Write off of construction work-in-progress Bad debts Other income	2,084,348 209,208 - 225		2,009,334 - 81,000 -
(Increase) decrease in assets: Accounts receivable Prepayments Materials and fuel inventory Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	438,298 (10,186) 326,998		361,444 (82,010)
Accounts payable Deferred revenue Accrued taxes and other liabilities Employees' annual leave	(249,137) (5,884) 25,084 15,720		(515,255) 169,219 19,985 30,388
Net cash (used for) provided by operating activities \$	(381,589)	\$ =	144,646

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activity:

During the year ended September 30, 2006, PUC received a capital contribution of water wells valued at \$574,484 from the FSM National Government, which were originally funded by the United States Department of the Interior.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Pohnpei Utilities Corporation (PUC) conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental entities, specifically proprietary funds. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting", requires that proprietary activities apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Statements and Interpretations issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), Accounting Principle Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedures issued on or before November 30, 1989. PUC has implemented GASB 20 and elected not to apply FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

General: PUC is a component unit of the Government of the State of Pohnpei. PUC commenced operations on October 1, 1991, with assets and liabilities of the Division of Public Utilities of the Pohnpei State Department of Public Works transferred as of that date. PUC has adopted the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). As of October 1, 1993, the assets, liabilities, and operations of the Division of Water and Sewer of the Pohnpei State Department of Public Works were also transferred to PUC as the result of Pohnpei State Law 3L-41-93.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with maturity dates within three months of the date acquired by PUC. Deposits maintained in time certificates of deposit with original maturity dates greater than three months are separately classified on the statement of net assets.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments and related investment earnings are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts: PUC grants credit to companies, individuals and government agencies on an unsecured basis, substantially all of whom are based in Pohnpei. The allowance for doubtful accounts is established through a provision charged to expense. Accounts are charged against the allowance when management believes that the collection of the balance is unlikely. The allowance is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb possible losses on existing balances that may be uncollectible, based on evaluations of collectibility and prior loss experience.

<u>Inventory</u>: Materials and fuel inventory are substantially carried at the lower of cost (weighted average) or market.

<u>Utility Plant</u>: Utility plant assets were transferred to PUC at the carrying value of the Division of Public Utilities and Division of Water and Sewer of the Pohnpei State Department of Public Works as of October 1, 1991 and 1993, for the electric plant and water and sewer plants, respectively, except as to certain utility plant assets which are stated at estimated net book value in the absence of documents to support cost. The net book value of the electric plant assets transferred was \$17,191,311 as of October 1, 1991, and the net book value of the water and sewer plant assets transferred was \$6,708,112 as of October 1, 1993. PUC capitalizes plant acquisitions with original costs in excess of \$5,000.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

<u>Depreciation</u>: Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives for utility plant assets are 5-40 years for production plant, 5-30 years for distribution plant and 3-20 years for general plant.

<u>Annual and Sick Leave</u>: Earned but unused annual leave is paid to employees upon termination of their employment. Accordingly, PUC accrues these benefits in the period earned. It is the policy of PUC to record the cost of sick leave when leave is actually taken and an expense is actually incurred. Accrued sick leave at September 30, 2007 approximates \$231,000.

<u>Net Assets</u>: Net assets represent the residual interest in PUC's assets after liabilities are deducted and consist of four sections: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted expendable and nonexpendable, and unrestricted. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt include capital assets, restricted and unrestricted, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding debt net of debt service reserve. Net assets are reported as restricted when constraints are imposed by third parties or enabling legislation. All of PUC's restricted net assets are expendable. All other net assets are unrestricted.

<u>Revenues</u>: Sales of electricity and water are recorded as billed to customers on a monthly billing cycle basis. At September 30, 2007 and 2006, unbilled revenues are accrued based on the most recent billing cycles.

<u>Federal Grants and Subsidies</u>: PUC receives federal grants either as a direct recipient or a subrecipient from Pohnpei State in addition to Pohnpei State Legislature appropriated subsidies and matching funds for federal programs as required.

Operating and Non-operating Revenues and Expenses: PUC considers revenues and costs that are directly related to utility operations to be operating revenues and expenses. Revenues and expenses related to financing and other activities are reflected as nonoperating.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Reclassification</u>: Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2006 financial statements to correspond with the 2007 presentation.

New Accounting Standards

During fiscal year 2007, PUC implemented GASB Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfer of Assets and Future Revenues. GASB Statement No. 48 establishes criteria that governments will use to ascertain whether certain transactions should be regarded as a sale or a collateralized borrowing. The statement also includes a provision that stipulates that governments should not revalue assets that are transferred between financial reporting entity components. The implementation of this statement did not have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements of PUC.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

New Accounting Standards, Continued

In April 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, which establishes uniform financial reporting for other postemployment benefit plans by state and local governments. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2006. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of PUC.

In June 2004, GASB issued Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefits expense/expenditures and related liabilities, note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2007. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of PUC.

In December 2006, GASB issued Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations. GASB Statement No. 49 provides guidance and consistency under which a governmental entity would be required to report a liability related to pollution remediation. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2007. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of PUC.

In May 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures-an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and 27, which amends applicable note disclosure and RSI requirements of Statements No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, and No. 27 Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, to conform with requirements of Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans and Statement No. 45 Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2007. Management does not believe the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of PUC.

In June 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets. GASB Statement No. 51 addresses whether and when intangible assets should be considered capital assets for financial reporting purposes. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2009. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of PUC.

(2) Deposits and Investments

GASB Statement No. 40 addresses common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. As an element of interest rate risk, disclosure is required of investments that have fair values that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. GASB Statement No. 40 also requires disclosure of formal policies related to deposit and investment risks.

The deposit and investment policies of PUC are governed by its enabling legislation. The Board of Directors is required to engage one or more fund custodians to assume responsibility for the physical possession of the PUC's investments.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(2) Deposits and Investments, Continued

A. Deposits:

GASB Statement No. 3 previously required government entities to present deposit risks in terms of whether the deposits fell into the following categories:

- Category 1 Deposits that are federally insured or collateralized with securities held by PUC or its agent in PUC's name;
- Category 2 Deposits that are uninsured but fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in PUC's name;
- Category 3 Deposits that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in PUC's name and non-collateralized deposits.

GASB Statement No. 40 amended GASB Statement No. 3 to in effect eliminate disclosure for deposits falling into categories 1 and 2 but retained disclosures for deposits falling in category 3. Category 3 deposits are those deposits that have exposure to custodial credit risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, PUC's deposits may not be returned to it. Such deposits are not covered by depository insurance and are either uncollateralized, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or held by the pledging financial institution but not in the depositor-government's name. The PUC does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, the carrying amount of the PUC's total cash and cash equivalents and time certificates of deposit was \$710,937 and \$875,644, respectively, and the corresponding bank balances were \$776,617 and \$981,749, respectively. Of the bank balances, \$710,165 and \$874,872, respectively, are maintained in financial institutions subject to Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, bank deposits in the amount of \$200,000 were FDIC insured. PUC does not require collateralization of its cash deposits; therefore, deposit levels in excess of FDIC insurance coverage are uncollateralized. Accordingly, these deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk. PUC has not experienced any losses on such accounts and management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on its deposits.

B. Investments:

GASB Statement No. 3 previously required government entities to present investment risks in terms of whether the investments fell into the following categories:

- Category 1 Investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the PUC or its agent in PUC's name;
- Category 2 Investments that are uninsured and unregistered for which the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in PUC's name;
- Category 3 Investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in PUC's name.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(2) Deposits and Investments, Continued

B. Investments, Continued:

GASB Statement No. 40 amended GASB Statement No. 3 to in effect eliminate disclosure for investments falling into categories 1 and 2, and provided for disclosure requirements addressing other common risks of investments such as credit risk, interest rate risk, concentration of credit risk, and foreign currency risk. GASB Statement No. 40 did retain and expand the element of custodial credit risk in GASB Statement No. 3.

As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, investments in mutual funds at fair value are \$824,390 and \$770,011, respectively.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the transaction, PUC will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. PUC's investments are held and administered by trustees. Accordingly, these investments are exposed to custodial credit risk. Based on negotiated trust and custody contracts, all of these investments were held in PUC's name by PUC's custodial financial institutions at September 30, 2007 and 2006.

Concentration of credit risk for investments is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure by issuer and amount of investments in any one issuer that represents five percent (5%) or more of total investments for PUC. There was no concentration of credit risk for investments as of September 30, 2007 and 2006.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of debt instruments. PUC does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

(3) Self Insurance Fund and Risk Management

In accordance with section 2(5) of State Law 3L-41-93, an amendment to the enabling legislation for PUC, a self-insurance fund was established to defray costs of any unforeseen accidents or disasters. The funds are accumulated in a restricted self-insurance fund, held by a trustee, in the name of PUC. As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, the carrying amount of the fund is \$139,390 and \$132,505, respectively, which is presented as a restricted investment in the accompanying statements of net assets.

Additionally, PUC carries life insurance on behalf of its employees and maintains commercial coverage of a comprehensive business policy and workmen's compensation insurance. PUC is substantially self-insured for all other risks. Management is of the opinion that no material losses have been sustained as a result of this practice during the past three years.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(4) Scholarship Fund

The scholarship fund is designated to account for funds to be used for scholarships in exchange for a related term of employment with PUC subsequent to graduation. Funds are provided by voluntary donations. As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, the carrying amount of the fund is \$3,881, which is presented as restricted cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying statements of net assets.

(5) Accounts Receivable

Bills are issued to customers near mid-month approximately one month subsequent to providing utilities services. Therefore, approximately forty-five days of service is accrued at September 30, 2007 and 2006, which is classified as accounts receivable - unbilled. Accounts receivable at September 30, 2007 and 2006, are summarized as follows:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Accounts receivable - electrical: Residential Commercial Government Unbilled	\$ 1,451,662 532,895 184,560 573,426	\$ 2,005,876 1,140,852 504,744 647,520
Accounts receivable - water and sewer:	2,742,543	4,298,992
Residential Commercial and government Unbilled	1,246,901 118,659 <u>147,606</u>	983,299 226,462 <u>143,117</u>
Installment receivables	1,513,166 96,962	1,352,878 122,662
Other	4,352,671 135,911	5,774,532 150,988
Less allowance for doubtful receivables	4,488,582 (<u>2,321,143</u>)	5,925,520 (<u>3,319,783</u>)
	\$ <u>2,167,439</u>	\$ <u>2,605,737</u>

PUC commenced a prepaid cash power meter system in which a portion of customer payments are used to satisfy balances in arrears. Percentages are applied depending on the amount of arrears (45% for arrears \$1,000 and above, 35% for \$500 to \$999 and 25% for under \$500) through June 2006, at which time PUC changed its policy to apply 50% of collections to arrears. In April 2007, the policy was changed to 90%, which was reduced to 75% in June 2007. The rate was subsequently returned to 50% in October 2007. As of September 30, 2007 and 2006, gross receivables from customers enrolled in the cash power meter system are \$1,063,534 and \$1,637,089, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(6) Utility Plant

A summary of changes in capital assets for the years ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:

ollows:	_			
	Beginning Balance October 1, 2006	Transfers and Additions	Transfers and <u>Deletions</u>	Ending Balance September 30, 2007
Depreciable assets:				
Production plant Distribution plant General plant Electric plant in service	\$ 20,743,497 13,903,490 	\$ 1,006,658 292,215 138,390 1,437,263	\$ - - -	\$ 21,750,155 14,195,705 1,614,271 37,560,131
Water production plant	5,365,165	992,697		6,357,862
Sewage collection and treatment plant Water distribution plant General plant	5,512,301 6,652,057 	227,938	- - -	5,512,301 6,879,995
Water and sewer plant in service	18,086,411	1,220,635		19,307,046
Total utility plant in service Less accumulated deprecia	ation (26,554,184)	2,657,898 (2,084,348)	<u>-</u>	56,867,177 (28,638,532)
	<u>27,655,095</u>	_573,550		<u>28,228,645</u>
Non-depreciable assets:				
Construction work-in-prog Electric plant Water and sewer plant	ress: 1,098,520 1,158,778	445,572 225,122	(1,511,386) (<u>1,253,488</u>)	32,706 130,412
	2,257,298	670,694	(2,764,874)	163,118
	\$ <u>29,912,393</u>	\$ <u>1,244,244</u>	\$ (<u>2,764,874</u>)	\$ <u>28,391,763</u>
	Beginning Balance October 1, 2005	Transfers and Additions	Transfers and <u>Deletions</u>	Ending Balance September 30, 2006
Depreciable assets:				
Production plant Distribution plant General plant Electric plant in service	\$ 20,743,497 13,841,848 	\$ - 61,642 <u>48,050</u> 109,692	\$ - - - -	\$ 20,743,497 13,903,490 <u>1,475,881</u> 36,122,868
Water production plant	5,365,165	-	-	5,365,165
Sewage collection and treatment plant Water distribution plant General plant	5,448,827 3,372,026 530,941	63,474 3,280,031 	- - -	5,512,301 6,652,057 556,888
Water and sewer plant in service	14,716,959	3,369,452		18,086,411
Total utility plant in service Less accumulated deprecia	ation (24,544,850)	3,479,144 (2,009,334)	<u>-</u>	54,209,279 (<u>26,554,184</u>)
	<u>26,185,285</u>	1,469,810		27,655,095
	14			

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(6) Utility Plant, Continued

	Beginning Balance October 1, 2005	Transfers and Additions	Transfers and <u>Deletions</u>	Ending Balance September 30, 2006
Non-depreciable assets:				
Construction work-in-pro Electric plant Water and sewer plant	23,769	1,136,393 2,017,899	(61,642) (<u>3,369,452</u>)	1,098,520 _1,158,778
	2,534,100	3,154,292	(<u>3,431,094</u>)	2,257,298
	\$ <u>28,719,385</u>	\$ <u>4,624,102</u>	\$ <u>(3,431,094</u>)	\$ <u>29,912,393</u>

(7) Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt

Notes payable consist of the following at September 30, 2007 and 2006:

Notes drawn on a bank line of credit of \$190,000 (line expiry March 24, 2008), interest at time certificate of deposit (TCD) rate plus 2% (5.94% and 4.50% at September 30, 2007 and	2007	<u>2006</u>
2006, respectively), collateralized by TCD, due on January 22, 2008.	\$ 190,000	\$ 190,000
Two \$104,000 notes drawn on a bank line of credit of \$850,000 (line expiry May 9, 2008), interest at bank prime rate plus 2% (9.75% at September 30, 2007) collateralized by TCD, due on November 27, 2007 and December 27, 2007,		
collateralized by equipment.	208,000	-
Note to an investment company, interest at 9.25% at September 30, 2007 and 2006, collateralized by investments.	<u>476,825</u>	<u>453,647</u>
Total notes payable	\$ <u>874,825</u>	\$ <u>643,647</u>

Changes in notes payable for the years ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, are as follows:

	Outstanding September 30, 2006	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Outstanding September 30, 2007
Notes to a bank Note to an investment company	\$ 190,000 453,647	\$ 208,000 23,178	\$ -	\$ 398,000 476,825
	\$ 643,647	\$ 231,178	\$	\$ 874,825
	Outstanding September 30, 2005	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Outstanding September 30, 2006
Notes to a bank Note to an investment company	\$ 100,000 406,938	\$ 90,000 46,709	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 190,000 453,647
	\$ <u>506,938</u>	\$ <u>136,709</u>	\$	\$ <u>643,647</u>

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(7) Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt, Continued

Long-term debt consists of the following at September 30, 2007 and 2006:

Amount drawn on a note payable to the State of Pohnpei, facilitated by an Asian Development Bank loan to the FSM, due in semi-annual installments of \$33,500 commencing February 28, 2007. The State of Pohnpei has not imposed collateralization on PUC and has waived its rights to receive 6.82% in interest. The loan agreement includes a 1% service charge to be added to the principal until installment payments commence. This service charge was paid by the State of Pohnpei during the years ended September 30, 2007 and	2007	<u>2006</u>
2006.	\$ 2,096,260	\$ 2,118,767
Loan payable to United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Utilities Service, due in monthly installments of \$2,654 commencing October 28, 2006. The loan is collateralized by a revenue bond. The loan bears a fixed interest rate of 4.5%.	569,552	578,000
Loan payable to FSM Development Bank, 5 year term, interest at 9%, collateralized by a \$150,000 time certificate of deposit, fully paid during the year ended September 30, 2007.	-	67,451
Loan payable to FSM Development Bank, 5 year term, interest at 9%, collateralized by a \$150,000 time certificate of deposit, receivables, inventory and property, plant and equipment). Monthly principal and interest installments of \$10,379 commenced in July 2007. A member of the PUC Board is also a member of management of the FSM Development Bank.	479,963	
Total long-term debt Less: current portion of long-term debt	3,145,775 	2,764,218
Long-term portion of long-term debt	\$ <u>3,010,853</u>	\$ <u>2,645,682</u>

Future minimum principal and interest payments on all long-term debt for subsequent years ending September 30, are as follows:

Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013-2017 2018-2022 2023-2027 2028-2032 2033-2037 2038-2042 2043-2047	\$ 134,922 145,938 155,385 165,664 149,132 291,764 315,231 342,058 372,959 408,825 450,762 213,135	\$ 86,738 77,460 68,013 57,734 46,683 202,476 179,009 152,182 121,281 85,415 43,478 4,082	\$ 221,660 223,398 223,398 223,398 195,815 494,240 494,240 494,240 494,240 494,240 494,240 217,217
	\$ <u>3,145,775</u>	\$ <u>1,124,551</u>	\$ 4,270,326

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(7) Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt, Continued

Changes in non-current liabilities for the years ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, are as follows:

	Outstanding			Outstanding		
Loop poughts to ECM	September 30, <u>2006</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	September 30, <u>2007</u>	Current	Noncurrent
Loan payable to FSM Development Bank Loan payable to Rural	\$ 67,451	\$ 500,000	\$ (87,488)	\$ 479,963	\$ 46,444	\$ 433,519
Utilities Service Loan payable to Asian	578,000	-	(8,448)	569,552	6,234	563,318
Development Bank	2,118,767		(22,507)	2,096,260	82,244	2,014,016
	\$ <u>2,764,218</u>	\$ <u>500,000</u>	\$ <u>(118,443</u>)	\$ <u>3,145,775</u>	\$ <u>134,922</u>	\$ <u>3,010,853</u>
	Outstanding September 30,			Outstanding September 30,		
Loop payable to ESM		Increases	<u>Decreases</u>		Current	Noncurrent
Loan payable to FSM Development Bank Loan payable to Rural	September 30,	<u>Increases</u> \$ -	_	September 30, <u>2006</u>	<u>Current</u> \$ 67,451	Noncurrent \$ -
Development Bank Loan payable to Rural Utilities Service	September 30, 2005		<u>Decreases</u>	September 30, <u>2006</u>		
Development Bank Loan payable to Rural	September 30, 2005 \$ 180,666		<u>Decreases</u>	September 30, 2006 \$ 67,451	\$ 67,451	\$ -

(8) Contributions

During the year ended September 30, 1995, sole use rights for the Nanpohnmal Power Plant were contributed to PUC by the FSM National Government through the State of Pohnpei. These assets were donated to the FSM National Government through the Japanese Foreign Aid Program. Official title to the ownership of these assets rests with the FSM National Government. However, substantial revenue is generated by PUC from the use of these assets and PUC bears responsibility for all costs associated with their operation.

(9) Grants, Subsidies and Capital Contributions

Grants, subsidies and capital contributions comprise the following for the years ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	<u>2007</u>		<u> 2006</u>
Grants and Subsidies:			
U.S. Department of the Interior:			
Operations and maintenance improvement program:			
Easy power	\$ 50,000	\$	-
Leak detection	20,000		-
Training	9,200		10,812
Tariff study	_		50,000
OMIP three phase prepaid meter	_		43,000
Strategic plan	_		26,340
Power study			23,835
Hydrologist for the Military wells	_		10,000
Utility development	_	_	8,591
•	79,200		172,578

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(9) Grants, Subsidies and Capital Contributions, Continued

South Pacific Applied Geoscience Commission: Tariff study	19,940	9,970
Total grants and subsidies	99,140	182,548
Capital Contributions: Rural Utilities Service (RUS) Department of the Interior (DOI)	124,753	603,987 1,841,384
- · · · · · · · ·	\$ 223,893	\$ <u>2,627,919</u>

During the year ended September 30, 2006, DOI approved \$1,074,484 under the FSM Public Infrastructure Sector Grant to be used for the Pohnpei Water Well Drilling project. \$574,484 of the project amount was paid to the US Department of Defense to cover mobilization cost of military personnel, who assisted in this project. The remaining \$500,000 was passed through to PUC in the form of a sub-grant.

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

In August 2005, PUC entered into a contract with an engineering firm to provide design, procurement, and construction management services relating to the Hydro Rehabilitation Project for a total cost of \$1,117,040. As of September 30, 2007, total costs of \$942,049 were billed and a payable of \$124,810 is included in accounts payable: operations in the accompanying statement of net assets. In January 2008, the parties agreed to dissolve the contract without incurring further costs.

PUC is party to various legal proceedings, the ultimate impact of which is not currently predictable. Therefore, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements due to management's inability to predict the ultimate outcome of these proceedings.

(11) Sinking Fund

During fiscal year 1998, PUC management established a sinking fund to finance future expansion and upgrade of the power plant and equipment. The goal of PUC is to build this fund to \$2,000,000 in anticipation of certain equipment purchases and upgrades.

The sinking fund consists of investments in three mutual funds that have the following asset allocations at September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	2007	<u>2006</u>
Money market funds	\$ 17,355	\$ 16,050
U.S. Government obligations	163,083	143,642
Corporate bonds and others	140,655	146,856
Common stock	<u>363,907</u>	330,958
	\$ <u>685,000</u>	\$ 637,506

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2007 and 2006

(12) Retirement Plan

PUC's retirement plan (the Plan) is a self-administered program established to pay retirement, disability and survivor income to employees and their survivors to supplement similar benefits that employees receive from the FSM Social Security System. The Plan is a contributory, defined contribution plan in which PUC contributes a matching percentage of the participant's contribution, up to 10% of the participant's annual salary. The participant may contribute three or more percent from his or her annual salary. Participation is optional. PUC's comptroller is the designated Plan administrator. Contributions to the Plan during the years ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$83,523 and \$82,554, respectively. Management is of the opinion that the plan does not represent an asset or liability of PUC. At September 30, 2007 and 2006, plan assets were \$1,130,264 and \$899,691, respectively.

(13) Related Party

During the year ended September 30, 2007, PUC received a \$40,000 non-interest bearing advance from the PUC Social Club. The advance has no set repayment term and is classified as current due to the mutual consent of the parties.

Combining Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2007 (With comparative totals as of September 30, 2006)

		Power and		Water and		Eliminating				ls
Assets		Utility		Sewer		Entries		2007		2006
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investment Accounts receivable, net Grants receivable Prepayments Fuel and material inventory	\$	539,188 685,000 1,397,302 0 10,186 843,773	\$	(182,132) - 770,137 23,698 0 434,100	\$	- - - -	\$	357,056 685,000 2,167,439 23,698 10,186 1,277,873	S	521,763 637,506 2,605,737 232,950 - 1,604,871
Total current assets		3,475,449		1,045,803				4,521,252		5,602,827
Other noncurrent assets: Restricted: Cash and cash equivalents Time certificates of deposit Investments Interest receivable Total other noncurrent assets		3,881 350,000 139,390 1,130 494,401				: : :		3,881 350,000 139,390 1,130		3,881 350,000 132,505 1,130 487,516
Utility plant, at cost: Electric plant in service Water and sewer plant in service		37,560,131		19,307,046		-		37,560,131 19,307,046		36,122,868 18,086,411
Less accumulated depreciation		37,560,131 (22,019,406)		19,307,046 (6,619,126)			_	56,867,177 (28,638,532)		54,209,279 (26,554,184)
Depreciable assets Construction work-in-process		15,540,725 32,706		12,687,920 130,412		-		28,228,645 163,118		27,655,095 2,257,298
Total utility plant		15,573,431		12,818,332			-	28,391,763		29,912,393
	\$	19,543,281	\$:	13,864,135	\$		\$	33,407,416	S	36,002,736
Liabilities and Net Assets										
Current liabilities: Notes payable to bank Note payable to investment company Current portion of long-term debt Accounts payable:	\$	398,000 - 46,444	\$	476,825 88,478	s	- - -	\$	398,000 476,825 134,922	\$	190,000 453,647 118,536
Fuel oil Operations Affiliate Deferred revenue Accrued taxes and other liabilities Employees' annual leave	_	463,912 40,000 312,752 202,694 92,433	_	- -		- - - - -	_	463,912 40,000 312,752 202,694 92,433		451,635 261,414 318,636 177,610 76,713
Total current liabilities	-	1,556,235		565,303			_	2,121,538		2,048,191
Noncurrent liabilities: FSM Development Bank loan RUS Water Extension loan ADB Water Extension loan	-	433,519		563,318 2,014,016		- - -	_	433,519 563,318 2,014,016		572,040 2,073,642
Total liabilities	-	1,989,754	_	3,142,637			_	5,132,391		4,693,873
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	_	15,093,468 139,390 2,320,669	_	9,675,695 1,045,803		- - -		24,769,163 139,390 3,366,472		26,694,528 132,505 4,481,830
Total net assets	-	17,553,527	-	10,721,498			_	28,275,025		31,308,863
	\$ =	19,543,281	\$ _	13,864,135	\$	-	\$_	33,407,416	\$	36,002,736

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended September 30, 2007 (With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2006)

			Power and		Water and	I	Eliminating		7	otals	;	
Sample			Utility		Sewer	_	Entries		2007		2006	
Commercial 1,914,88 125,127 2,93,352 2,542,136 Convernment 1,934,88 125,127 2,93,352 2,542,136 Convernment 1,934,88 125,127 2,93,352 3,670,219 Intercompany sales 6,68,187 45,020 665,087 665,087 3,670,219 Intercompany sales 6,08,087 45,020 665,087 11,369,043 30,200,200 10,200,868 1,225,262 (65,087) 11,369,043 0,900,000 10,200,868 1,225,262 (65,087) 11,369,043 0,900,000 10,200,868 1,225,262 (65,087) 11,369,043 0,900,000 10,200,868 1,225,262 (65,087) 11,369,043 0,900,000 1,31,369,043 0,900,000		\$	339,723	\$	928,782	\$	_	\$	1,268,505	S	1,447,753	
Septembroad	Commercial		2,167,025				-					
Intercompany sales	Government		1,934,488		125,127		-		2,059,615		2,088,390	
Other sales 39,393 45,026 c 84,419 323,092 Total operating revenues after bad debts 10,208,868 1,225,262 (65,087) 11,369,043 10,716,000 Deparating and maintenance expenses: 10,208,868 1,225,262 (65,087) 11,369,043 9,990,600 Operating and maintenance expenses: 8,965,458 8,965,458 6,694,457 Depreciation 1,41,540 672,808 2,084,348 2,090,334 Administrative and general: 8,965,458 3 2,084,348 2,090,334 Administrative and general: 8,965,458 3 4,044,477 Salaries and wages 420,631 377,438 404,471 Salaries and wages 420,631 377,438 404,471 157,999 20 157,999 204,361 377,438 104,472 20 44,151 20,472 20,431 377,438 104,472 20 157,999 204,361 377,438 104,472 20 157,999 204,361 377,438 104,472 20 12,1461 80,144					-		-		5,663,152		3,670,219	
Pad debts					45,026	_	(65,087)		84,419	_	323,092	
Total operating revenues after bad debts 10,208,868 1,225,262 (65,087) 11,369,043 9,990,600 Operating and maintenance expenses: 8,965,458 - - 8,965,458 6,694,457 Depreciation 1,411,540 672,808 - 2,084,348 2,009,334 Administrative and general: Employee benefits 366,554 - - 366,554 404,631 377,438 Salaries and wages 420,631 - - 420,631 377,438 Vehicle, POL 157,999 - - 157,999 264,361 General repairs 45,158 - 51,732 - 157,999 204,361 Toword 21,461 - - 1,024,722 200 20,4261 10,472 200 20,4261 10,472 200 20,4261 10,472 20,4361 10,472 20,4361 10,472 20,4361 20,472 20,4361 20,472 20,4361 20,472 20,4361 20,472 20,4361 20,472 20,4361 <td< td=""><td>Total operating revenues before bad debts</td><td></td><td>10,208,868</td><td></td><td>1,225,262</td><td></td><td>(65,087)</td><td></td><td>11,369,043</td><td></td><td>10,071,600</td></td<>	Total operating revenues before bad debts		10,208,868		1,225,262		(65,087)		11,369,043		10,071,600	
Operating and maintenance expenses: 8,965,458 - - 8,965,458 6,694,457 Depreciation 1,411,540 672,808 - 2,084,348 2,009,334 Administrative and general: Employee benefits 366,554 - 366,554 404,477 Salaries and wages 420,631 - 420,631 377,438 Vehicle, POL 157,999 - 157,999 264,318 General repairs 451,518 - 45,158 102,472 Consumbles 51,732 - 51,732 94,381 Travel 21,461 - 21,461 80,409 Communications 48,793 - 48,793 59,362 Insurance 54,512 - 54,512 53,4512 57,319 Contractual services 176,355 - 0,918 23,212 62,212 62,212 17,319 62,212 17,319 62,212 17,319 62,212 17,319 62,212 17,319 62,212 17,319 62,212	Bad debts			_		_				_	(81,000)	
Production fuel 8,965,458 - - 8,965,458 6,694,457 Depreciation 1,411,540 672,808 - 2,084,348 2,000,334 Administrative and general:	Total operating revenues after bad debts		10,208,868	_	1,225,262	_	(65,087)	_	11,369,043	_	9,990,600	
Depreciation 1,411,540 672,808 - 2,084,348 2,009,334 Administrative and general:	Operating and maintenance expenses:											
Administrative and general: Bemployee benefits 366,554 404,477 Salaries and wages 420,631 420,631 366,554 404,477 Salaries and wages 420,631 420,631 377,438 Vehicle, POL 157,999 157,999 264,361 General repairs 45,158 51,732 51,732 94,381 Consumables 51,732 51,732 94,381 Travel 21,461 6,447 80,440 Communications 48,793 54,512 57,319 Contractual services 176,355 54,512 57,319 Contractual service and collection 3,731 50,20 176,355 40,000 Training and safety 9,108 9,108 32,212 25 2,53 2,753 Utility 16,850 (16,850) 1,356,059 1,514,636 Customer service and collection 3,731 8,721 420,499 3,731 8,721 Legal fees 25 2 2 2,753 44,649 4,649<	Production fuel		8,965,458	-		-		-	8,965,458	-	6,694,457	
Salaries and wages	Depreciation		1,411,540	-	672,808	_		-	2,084,348	_	2,009,334	
Salaries and wages 420,631 - 420,631 377,438 Vehicle, POL 157,999 - 157,999 264,368 General repairs 45,158 - 45,158 102,472 Consumables 51,732 - 51,732 34,818 Travel 21,461 - 221,461 80,440 Communications 48,793 - 48,793 59,362 Insurance 54,512 - 34,712 57,319 Contractual services 176,355 - 16,6355 - 9,108 22,121 Customer service and collection 3,731 8,721 25 2,753 Utility 16,850 - (16,850) - 25 2,753 Utility 1,372,909 - (16,850) - 25 2,753 Utility 1,372,909 - (16,850) - 25 2,753 Salaries and wages 393,498 - 33,348 429,605 Repairs and maintenance 426,499 - 426,499 - 3426,499 - 3426,499 9,701 Other production 15,129 - 583,126 53			266 554						266.554		404 477	
Vehicle, POL 157,999 - 157,999 264,361 General repairs 45,158 - 45,158 102,472 Consumables 51,732 - 31,732 94,381 Travel 21,461 - - 21,461 80,140 Communications 48,793 - 48,793 59,362 Insurance 54,512 - 54,512 57,319 Contractual services 176,355 - 176,355 40,000 Training and safety 9,108 - 9,108 23,212 Customer service and collection 3,731 - - 3,731 8,721 Legal fees 25 - - 25 2,753 Utility 16,850 - (16,850) 1,356,059 1,514,636 Generation: Salaries and wages 393,498 - 393,498 429,605 Repairs and maintenance 426,499 - - 35,126 533,686 Repairs and wages					-		-					
General repairs 45,158 - - 45,158 102,472 Consumables 51,732 - 51,732 94,381 Travel 21,461 - - 21,461 80,140 Communications 48,793 - - 48,793 59,362 Insurance 54,512 - 54,512 57,319 Contractual services 176,355 - - 176,355 40,000 Training and safety 9,108 - 9,108 2,212 2 2,212 2 2,25 - 3,731 8,721 2 2,55 2,753 2,753 1,356,059 1,514,636 - - 2,605 2,753 1,514,636 - - - 2,753 1,514,636 - - - 2,753 1,514,636 - - - 2,753 1,514,636 - - - 2,753 1,514,636 - - - 2,753 1,514,636 - - - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					-		-					
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Travel 21,461 - 21,461 80,149 Communications 48,793 - 48,793 59,362 Insurance 54,512 - 54,512 57,319 Contractual services 176,355 - - 176,355 40,000 Training and safety 9,108 - - 9,108 2,212 Customer service and collection 3,731 - - 3,731 8,721 Legal fees 25 - (16,850) - 25 2,753 Utility 16,850 - (16,850) 1,356,059 1,514,636 Generation: - - - 1,514,636 - Salaries and wages 393,498 - - 393,498					_		_					
Communications	Travel		,		_		-					
Insurance	Communications				-		_					
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Customer service and collection 3,731 - - 3,731 8,721 Legal fees 25 - 15 - - - - Utility 16,850 - (16,850) 1,356,059 1,514,636 Generation: - - 13,72,909 - (16,850) 1,356,059 1,514,636 Salaries and wages 393,498 - - 393,498 429,605 Repairs and maintenance 426,499 - - 426,499 90,701 Other production 15,129 - - 15,129 333,80 Water and sewer: - - 835,126 553,686 Water and sewer: - - 835,126 553,686 Water and sewer: - - 835,126 553,686 Water and sewer: - - 91,825 91,825 14,971 Chemicals - - 568,339 - 568,339 91,825 14,971 <			176,355		-		-		176,355			
Legal fees 25 - - 25 2,753 Utility 16,850 - (16,850) - 2,753 Intility 1,372,909 - (16,850) 1,356,059 1,514,636 Generation: Salaries and wages 393,498 - - 393,498 429,605 Repairs and maintenance 426,499 - - 426,499 90,701 Other production 15,129 - - 835,126 553,686 Water and sewer: 835,126 - - 835,126 553,686 Water and wages - 568,339 - 568,339 427,685 Repairs and wages - 568,339 - 568,339 427,685 Repairs and maintenance - 91,825 - 91,825 14,971 Chemicals - 93,911 - 59,391 25,9391 25,9391 25,9391 26,137 26,137 Employee benefits - 62,143 -<					-		-					
Utility 16,850 - (16,850)			,		-		-		,			
Generation: 1,372,909 - (16.850) 1,356,059 1,514,636 Salaries and wages 393,498 - - 393,498 429,605 Repairs and maintenance 426,499 - - 426,499 90,701 Other production 15,129 - - 15,129 33,380 Water and sewer: 835,126 - - 835,126 553,686 Water and sewer: - - - - 885,126 558,339 - 568,339 427,685 - - 14,971 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<					-		(16,850)		25		2,753	
Generation: Salaries and wages 393,498 - - 393,498 429,605 Repairs and maintenance 426,499 - - 426,499 90,701 Other production 15,129 - - 15,129 33,380 Water and sewer: 835,126 - - 835,126 553,686 Water and sewer: - - 835,126 553,686 Salaries and wages - 568,339 - 568,339 427,685 Repairs and maintenance - 91,825 - 91,825 14,971 Chemicals - 91,825 - 91,825 14,971 Employee benefits - 62,143 - 59,391 - 59,391 26,137 Employee benefits - 62,143 - 62,143 59,541 0ther production - 105,636 - 105,636 48,038 Training and safety - 24,054 - 24,054 24,054 18,143		-		_				-	1.356.059	_	1.514.636	
Salaries and wages 393,498 - - 393,498 429,605 Repairs and maintenance 426,499 - - 426,499 90,701 Other production 15,129 - - 15,129 33,380 Water and sewer: 835,126 - - 835,126 553,686 Water and sewer: 835,126 - - 568,339 427,685 Repairs and wages - 568,339 - 568,339 427,685 Repairs and maintenance - 91,825 - 91,825 14,971 Chemicals - 59,391 - 59,391 26,137 Employee benefits - 62,143 - 62,143 59,541 Other production - 105,636 - 105,636 48,038 Training and safety - 24,054 - 12,054 - - - - Utility expense - 959,625 (48,237) 911,388 594,515 <td>Generation:</td> <td>-</td> <td>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-,,</td> <td>_</td> <td></td>	Generation:	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	_	_		-	-,,	_		
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Other production 15,129 - - 15,129 33,380 Water and sewer: Salaries and wages - <td <="" rowspan="3" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					-		-				
Water and sewer: Salaries and wages - 568,339 - 568,339 427,685 Repairs and maintenance - 91,825 - 91,825 14,971 Chemicals - 59,391 - 59,391 26,137 Employee benefits - 62,143 - 62,143 59,541 Other production - 105,636 - 105,636 48,038 Training and safety - 24,054 - 24,054 18,143 Utility expense - 48,237 (48,237) - - - Distribution: - 959,625 (48,237) 911,388 594,515 Distribution: - - - 341,425 - - 341,425 381,849 Repairs and wages 341,425 - - 91,502 - - 91,502 171,582 432,927 - - - 432,927 553,431 Total operating expenses 13,017,960 1,632,433 (65,087) 14,585,306 11,920,059			_		_	-	_		_		_	
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Repairs and maintenance - 91,825 - 91,825 14,971 Chemicals - 59,391 - 59,391 26,137 Employee benefits - 62,143 - 62,143 59,541 Other production - 105,636 - 105,636 48,038 Training and safety - 24,054 - 24,054 18,143 Utility expense - 48,237 (48,237) - - - Distribution: - 959,625 (48,237) 911,388 594,515 Distribution: - - - 341,425 -												
Chemicals - 59,391 - 59,391 26,137 Employee benefits - 62,143 - 62,143 59,541 Other production - 105,636 - 105,636 48,038 Training and safety - 24,054 - 24,054 18,143 Utility expense - 48,237 (48,237) - - - Salaries and wages 341,425 - - 341,425 381,849 Repairs and maintenance 91,502 - - 91,502 171,582 Total operating expenses 13,017,960 1,632,433 (65,087) 14,585,306 11,920,059			-				-					
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Other production - 105,636 - 105,636 48,038 Training and safety - 24,054 - 24,054 18,143 Utility expense - 48,237 (48,237) - - Distribution: - 959,625 (48,237) 911,388 594,515 Distribution: Salaries and wages 341,425 - - 341,425 381,849 Repairs and maintenance 91,502 - - 91,502 171,582 Total operating expenses 13,017,960 1,632,433 (65,087) 14,585,306 11,920,059			-				-		, ,			
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Utility expense - 48,237 (48,237) - - - 959,625 (48,237) 911,388 594,515 Distribution: Salaries and wages 341,425 - - 341,425 381,849 Repairs and maintenance 91,502 - - 91,502 171,582 Total operating expenses 13,017,960 1,632,433 (65,087) 14,585,306 11,920,059			-				~					
Distribution: Salaries and wages 341,425 - - 341,425 381,849 Repairs and maintenance 91,502 - - 91,502 171,582 432,927 - - 432,927 553,431 Total operating expenses 13,017,960 1,632,433 (65,087) 14,585,306 11,920,059			_				(48,237)		24,034		10,143	
Distribution: Salaries and wages 341,425 - - 341,425 381,849 Repairs and maintenance 91,502 - - 91,502 171,582 432,927 - - 432,927 553,431 Total operating expenses 13,017,960 1,632,433 (65,087) 14,585,306 11,920,059			_		959,625		(48,237)		911,388		594,515	
Salaries and wages 341,425 - - 341,425 381,849 Repairs and maintenance 91,502 - - 91,502 171,582 432,927 - - 432,927 553,431 Total operating expenses 13,017,960 1,632,433 (65,087) 14,585,306 11,920,059	Distribution:	_					·	-			<u> </u>	
Repairs and maintenance 91,502 - - 91,502 171,582 432,927 - - - 432,927 553,431 Total operating expenses 13,017,960 1,632,433 (65,087) 14,585,306 11,920,059			341,425		-		-		341,425		381,849	
Total operating expenses 13,017,960 1,632,433 (65,087) 14,585,306 11,920,059		_	91,502	_		_		_	91,502	_	171,582	
		_	432,927	_	M			_	432,927		553,431	
Operating loss (2,809,092) (407,171) - (3,216,263) (1,929,459)	Total operating expenses	_	13,017,960	_	1,632,433	_	(65,087)	_	14,585,306	_	11,920,059	
	Operating loss		(2,809,092)		(407,171)	_		_	(3,216,263)		(1,929,459)	

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, Continued Year Ended September 30, 2007
(With comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2006)

	Power and	Water and		Eliminating	Υ	otal	ls
	Utility	Sewer		Entries	2007		2006
Nonoperating revenues:							
Federal grants and subsidies	99,140	-		-	99,140		182,548
Spurline projects	16,363	-		-	16,363		96,465
Interest (expense) income, net	(58,056)	-		-	(58,056)		(57,926)
Other income	225_				225		5,000
Total nonoperating revenues	57,672	-		-	57,672		226,087
Net earnings (loss) before capital contributions	(2,751,420)	(407,171)		-	(3,158,591)		(1,703,372)
Capital contributions: Grants from United States Department of Agriculture Grants passed through from the United States	-			-	-		603,987
Department of the Interior	124,753				124,753		1,841,384
Change in net assets	(2,626,667)	(407,171)		-	(3,033,838)		741,999
Net assets at beginning of year	20,180,194	11,128,669			31,308,863		30,566,864
Net assets at end of year	\$ 17,553,527	\$ 10,721,498	S		\$ 28,275,025	S	31,308,863

See accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Pohnpei Utilities Corporation:

We have audited the financial statements of Pohnpei Utilities Corporation (PUC) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007 and have issued our report thereon dated June 2, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered PUC's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of PUC's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of PUC's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects PUC's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of PUC's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by PUC's internal control. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Response (pages 26) as item 2007-1 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by PUC's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether PUC's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of PUC in a separate letter dated June 2, 2008.

PUC's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. We did not audit PUC's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of Pohnpei Utilities Corporation, the Office of the Public Auditor, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities, the cognizant audit and other federal agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties. However, this report is also a matter of public record.

June 2, 2008

latt Hawfell

POHNEPI UTILITIES CORPORATION

Schedule of Findings and Response Year Ended September 30, 2007

Finding No. 2007-1

Year-end Adjustments

Criteria: Adjustments should be recorded prior to year end closing.

<u>Condition</u>: Numerous adjustments were made to the general ledger accounts at and after year-end. The size and number of adjustments may have been reduced if a thorough review of general ledger accounts was performed each month.

Cause: General ledger accounts are not always thoroughly analyzed until the audit time frame.

Effect: Interim and unaudited year-end financial statements may be materially misstated.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that month end and year end closing timetables be implemented which would include the analysis of major balance sheet accounts. All such accounts should be reviewed by the controller or chief financial officer.

<u>Auditee Response and Corrective Action Plan</u>: PUC concurs with the finding and would implement a policy whereby analysis of major balance sheet accounts are performed and updated each month. Such updates should be reviewed by the controller or the Chief Accountant. The implementation of this corrective action plan is set to start on June 30, 2008.